

POVZETEK

V diplomskem delu spoznamo praktično uporabo naravnih števil in postopen prehod na abstraktno matematiko (odkrivanje iracionalnih, kompleksnih števil). Opisana so popolna in Mersennova števila ter njihova pomembnost pri odkrivanju praštevil. Navedenih je nekaj izrekov o praštevilih (Wilsonova trditev, Eulerjev kriterij, Gaussova lema,...), natančno pa so predstavljene tudi pitagorejske trojice in njihove lastnosti.

Math. Subj. Class. (2000): 11-03, 11 A 41

Ključne besede: iracionalna števila, negativna števila, kompleksna števila, figurativna števila, popolna števila, praštevila, Mersennova števila, Legendrov simbol, Fermatov mali izrek, Wilsonova trditev, Eulerjev kriterij, Gaussova lema, kvadratni ostanek, kvadratni recipročni zakon, pitagorejske trojice, pravilo o določitvi višine in širine

Keywords: irrational numbers, negative numbers, complex numbers, figurate numbers, perfect numbers, prime numbers, Mersenne numbers, Legendre symbol, Fermat's little theorem, Wilson's theorem, Euler's criterion, Gauss' lemma, quadratic residue, the law of quadratic reciprocity, Pythagorean triples, Height-excess enumeration theorem

Literatura

- [1] ARPAIA, P. J. *A generating property of pythagorean triples*, Math. magazine 44 (1971), str. 26-27.
- [2] BELL, E. T. *The magic of numbers*, MacGraw-Hill, London, New York, 1949.
- [3] BOYER, L. E. *Mathematics: a historical development*, Henry Holt, New York, 1946.
- [4] CALDWELL, C. "Mersenne primes", 2002,
<http://www.utm.edu/research/primes/mersenne/index.html>
- [5] DANTZIG, T. *Number: the language of science*, Macmillan, New York, 1954.
- [6] EVES, H. *An introduction to the history of mathematics*, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, New York, 1964.
- [7] HASSE, H. *Vorlesungen über zahlentheorie*, Springer, Berlin, 1950, str. 80-104.
- [8] HENG, O. K. "The perfect number journey", 1997,
<http://home1.pacific.net.sg/novelway/MEW2/lesson1.html>
- [9] HORADAM, A. F. *A generalized Fibonacci sequence*, Americ. math. monthly 68 (1961), str. 455-459.
- [10] HORADAM, A. F. *Fibonacci number triples*, Americ. math. monthly 68 (1961), str. 751-753.
- [11] HURWITZ, A. *Lectures on number theory*, Springer, New York, 1986, str 109-150.
- [12] INTER-IREM COMMISSION *History of mathematics / Histories of problems*, Ellipses, Paris, 1997.
- [13] KLINE, M. *Mathematical thought from ancient to modern times*, Oxford University Press, New York, 1972.
- [14] KLINE, M. *Mathematics: the loss of certainty*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1980.

- [15] LEWIS, R. P. "*The theorems of Fermat, Wilson and Euler*", 2002,
http://www.maths.sussex.ac.uk/Staff/RPL/NT/Chapter_4.pdf
- [16] LEWIS, R. P. "*Quadratic residues and the law of quadratic reciprocity*", 2002,
http://www.maths.sussex.ac.uk/Staff/RPL/NT/Chapter_7.pdf
- [17] MCCULLOUGH, D. "*Pythagorean triples*", 2001,
<http://www.math.ou.edu/dmccullo/teaching/slides/gss2001.pdf>
- [18] MCCULLOUGH, D., WADE, E. "*Recursive enumeration of pythagorean triples*",
 2002,
<http://www.math.ou.edu/dmccullo/teaching/pythagoras1.pdf>
- [19] NARKIEWICZ, W. *Classical problems in number theory*, Polish scientific publ.,
 Warszawa, 1986.
- [20] POTOČNIK, P. *Največja znana praštevila*, Presek, letnik 28 (2000-2001), št. 6, str.
 349-351.
- [21] STASZKOW, R., IN BRADSHAW, R. *The mathematical palette*, Saunders, Orlando,
 1991.
- [22] TEIGAN, M. G., HADWIN, D. W. *On generating Pythagorean triples*, Americ.
 math. monthly 78 (1971), str. 378-379.